

Perfect Tense – Regular ‘Avoir’ Verbs

WHAT IS IT?

Used when talking about something which **happened in the past**. Most verbs use ‘avoir’ but some use ‘être’.

EXAMPLES IN ENGLISH

I ate a hamburger
He finished his homework.
She lost her bag.

EXAMPLES IN FRENCH

J’ai mangé un hamburger.
Il a fini ses devoirs.
Elle a perdu son sac.

HOW DO I FORM IT?

1. Take your **subject** and the **correct part of ‘avoir’**

I	J’ai
You (singular)	Tu as
He/she/it	Il/elle a
We	Nous avons
You (plural)	Vous avez
They	Ils/elles ont

2. Choose your **regular verb** then **add the correct ending** depending on whether it is an ER, IR or RE verb:

Take off...	Add...
-ER	é
-IR	i
-RE	u

STILL STUCK?



Examples of regular ‘avoir’ verbs

Some ER Verbs:
manger/parler/jouer

Some IR Verbs:
finir/choisir/venir

Some RE Verbs:
rendre/vendre/perdre