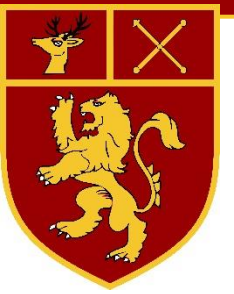


# A-Level (Year 12) Philosophy & Ethics Learning Journey



Ready for  
Year 13!



What is the mission of the Church?

What does Holy Communion represent for Christians?

Is it better to be baptised as an infant or adult?

Can war ever be justified?

Have all events that happen in our lives been willed by God?

What do Christians believe happens after death?

What is the meaning and purpose of life for Christians?

What are the challenges of using anthropomorphic and gender-specific language to describe God?



Should humans have dominion over, or care for, the Earth?

Why is life sacred?

How do Christians receive justification from God?

How do Christians understand resurrection?

How does process theology describe God?

How is God understood as Father, Love and King?



What are the different types of literature found in the Bible?

Who wrote the Bible? Who inspired it?



How can religious beliefs be interpreted in different ways?

Which denominations view Jesus as divine?

What are the different ways in which Christians understand the nature of God?

How are beliefs in monotheism portrayed in Christianity?

## Christianity

How do different denominations view the authority of the Bible?

How do Protestants and Catholics differ on their views towards the Church and the Bible?

Why do some Christians see Jesus's authority as only human?

What are the different ways Jesus's teachings can be interpreted?



How would normative ethical theories view matters of human life?

What are the strengths and weaknesses of virtue ethics?

What is the 'golden mean'?

How does Aristotle link the good of the soul to virtues?



How would the normative ethical theories respond to matters of non-human life?

How can we apply normative ethical theories to issues of lying and theft?

What does Aristotle see as more important than moral virtue?

How can people learn to act virtuously?

What are the strengths and weaknesses of situation ethics?

How does Aristotle's virtue ethics approach ethics?

What are normative ethical theories?

What are the primary and secondary precepts?

How can proportionalism change natural moral law?

What is Fletcher's situational approach to ethics?

What are the fundamental principles of situation ethics?

## Ethics and Religion



What are arguments for and against Swinburne's argument?

What is Aquinas's theory of natural moral law?

How can we avoid making mistakes using the principle of double effect?

What are the strengths and weaknesses of natural moral law?

What are Fletcher's four presuppositions?



What are the challenges to religious experiences?

How does Stace define non-sensuous and non-intellectual union with the divine?

What are the numinous feelings Otto speaks of?

What is a religious experience?

Why does Griffin's Process Theology reject God's omnipotence?



What is the value of religious experiences for faith?

What are Swinburne's Principles of Credulity and Testimony?

What is the object of mystical experiences for James?

What are the different types of vision?

How does Hick's soul-making theodicy explain evil?

How do Christians use the Free Will Defence to justify the existence of evil?

What is the status of Anselm's argument as a proof?

What is the basis of Aquinas's Cosmological Argument?

What are Hume and Russell's criticisms of Aquinas's argument?

Is there a point to suffering?

What are Gaunilo and Kant's criticisms of Anselm's argument?

What are the strengths and weaknesses of Anselm's argument?

What is the value of Anselm's argument for religious faith?

What is Aquinas's argument from contingency and necessity?

How can we summarise the problem of evil?

How can we categorise different types of evil?



What is Anselm's Ontological Argument?

What is the basis of Anselm's Ontological Argument?



Is Paley's argument a 'proof'?

What are Hume's criticisms of Paley's argument?

What is the basis of Paley's Design Argument?



## Philosophy of Religion



What is the value of Paley's argument for religious faith?

What is the relationship between reason and faith?

What are the strengths and weaknesses of Paley's argument?



What is Paley's Design Argument?

'Treat others as you wish to be treated yourself.' The Golden Rule